

1. Basic concepts

1.1 Data Structure

Assume we have k treatment groups

Group 1: $Y_{11}, Y_{12}, Y_{13}, Y_{14}, \dots$

•
•

Group k: $Y_{k1}, Y_{k2}, Y_{k3}, Y_{k4}, \dots$

1.2 Some Notations

n_t number of cases in treatment group t

N number of cases (overall)

Y_{ti} response i in treatment group t

\bar{Y}_t average response in treatment group t

$\bar{Y}_{..}$ average response (overall)

1.3 Sum of Squares

1) Sum of squares for each group

$$S_t = \sum_{i=1}^{n_t} (Y_{ti} - \bar{Y}_t)^2$$

2) Within group sum of squares, $df_W = K-1$

$$S_W = S_1 + \dots + S_k = \sum_t \sum_i (Y_{ti} - \bar{Y}_t)^2$$

3) Between group sum of squares, $df_B = N-k$

$$S_B = \sum_{t=1}^k n_t (\bar{Y}_t - \bar{Y}_{..})^2$$

4) Total group sum of squares: $S_T = S_W + S_B$, $df = N-1 = df_W + df_B$

1.4 ANOVA Table

source	sum of squares	df	mean square
between treatments	$S_B = \sum_t n_t (\bar{Y}_t - \bar{Y}_{..})^2$	$k - 1$	$M_B = S_B / (k - 1)$
within treatments	$S_W = \sum_t \sum_i (Y_{ti} - \bar{Y}_t)^2$	$N - k$	$M_W = S_W / (N - k)$
total	$S_T = \sum_t \sum_i (Y_{ti} - \bar{Y}_{..})^2$	$N - 1$	

Note: book uses SS_B , SS_W , SS_T , MS_B , MS_W

2. Standard ANOVA Model

2.1 Model

$$Y_{ti} = \mu_t + \varepsilon_{ti}$$

$$Y_{ti} = \mu + \tau_t + \varepsilon_{ti},$$

where $Y_{ti} \sim \text{iid } N(\mu_t, \sigma^2)$ and $\varepsilon_{ti} \sim \text{iid } N(0, \sigma^2)$

2.2 Hypothesis Test

- 1) State the hypothesis

$$H_0 : \mu_1 = \dots = \mu_k \quad \text{vs. } H_a : H_0 \text{ is false}$$

- 2) Test statistic

$$F = M_B / M_W$$

- 3) Distribution of F under H_0

$$F \sim F_{k-1, N-k}$$

where $k-1$ is the numerator degrees of freedom, $N-k$ is the denominator degrees of freedom.

- 4) Use one-sided F test to find the p-value

$$\text{p-value} = \Pr(F > F_{\text{obs}})$$

Method I: Table 10

$$\text{Method II. P-value} = 1 - \text{pf}(F_{\text{obs}}, k-1, N-k)$$

3. Example

11. 13 A researcher studied the flexibility of 10 women in an aerobic exercise class, 10 women in a modern dance class and a control group of 9 women. One measurement she made on each woman was spinal extension, which was a measure of how far the woman could bend her back. Measurements were made before and after a 16-week training period. The change in spinal extension was recorded for each woman. The ANOVA SS_B is 7.04 and the SS_W is 15.08.

- (a) State the null hypothesis

- (b) Construct the ANOVA table and test the null hypothesis.

Let $\alpha = 0.01$